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(11)

EP 1 196 003 A2

(12)

## EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:  
10.04.2002 Bulletin 2002/15

(51) Int Cl.7: H04Q 9/00, G05D 23/19

(21) Application number: 01308148.4

(22) Date of filing: 25.09.2001

(84) Designated Contracting States:  
AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU  
MC NL PT SE TR  
Designated Extension States:  
AL LT LV MK RO SI

(30) Priority: 05.10.2000 US 679853  
06.10.2000 US 684174

(71) Applicant: CARRIER CORPORATION  
Syracuse New York 13221 (US)

(72) Inventors:  
• Hill, Mark Alexander  
Lafayette, New York 13084 (US)

- Morelli, Mark Damian  
20044 Bernareggio (Milan) (IT)
- Dolan, Robert Paul  
Syracuse, New York 13219 (US)
- James, Paul W.  
Windsor, Connecticut 06095 (US)
- Chaturvedi, Gayatri  
75001 Paris (FR)
- De Wolf, Thomas L.  
Clay, New York 13041 (US)

(74) Representative: Leckey, David Herbert  
Frank B. Dehn & Co.,  
European Patent Attorneys,  
179 Queen Victoria Street  
London EC4V 4EL (GB)

### (54) Remote monitoring and control of HVAC devices

(57) A system for remotely monitoring and controlling an HVAC device (14) includes a server (12) which receives queries from an entry device (10) and data from the HVAC device (14). Databases with information regarding the location and status of the HVAC devices reside on the server (12), as does a user name / password file, instead of in the entry device (10) or the HVAC con-

troller. Connection is provided over various communications links including the Internet, POTS, and GSM networks. A user with an entry device (10) such as a handheld computer or cell phone using wireless access protocol (WAP) can change settings, obtain diagnostic information, and receive alarm messages about a plurality of HVAC devices (14).

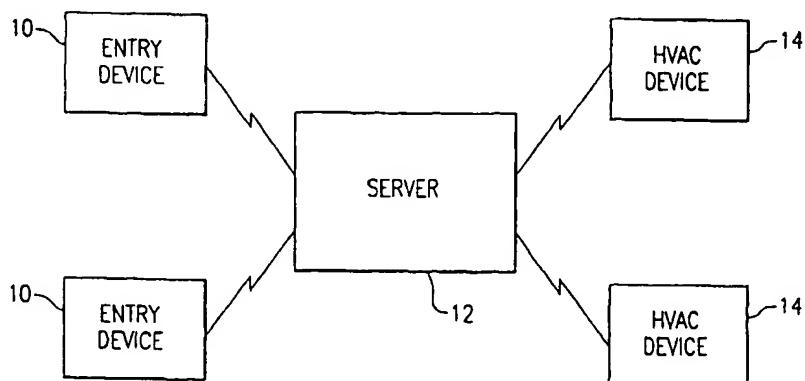


FIG.1

**Description**

**[0001]** This invention relates to connecting to HVAC (Heating, Ventilation, Air Conditioning) units, and in particular, to monitoring and controlling HVAC units via the Internet and or the GSM (Global System for Mobile) Network.

**[0002]** HVAC equipment is becoming more and more automated. Along with this automation comes the desire ~~to control and diagnose the equipment from a distance~~. Data controllers for furnaces and air conditioning equipment are frequently "smart" devices capable of transmitting data including alarms to a targeted device. This targeted device may be a dedicated computer or a computer identified for receiving the communications from the particular HVAC device. In either case, the targeted computer is the end of the communication link as opposed to any further routing of the communication. A need exists to have the ability to monitor and control HVAC devices from other than the device itself or a remote computer in a central location.

**[0003]** Briefly stated, a system for remotely monitoring and controlling an HVAC device includes a server which ~~receives queries from an entry device and data from the HVAC device~~. The server is operative to form a communication link between the entry device and the HVAC device so as to allow data transfer to take place pursuant to the query. The server preferably forms the communication link using a database of information which resides on the server and includes the location and status of the HVAC devices, as does a user name / password file, instead of in the entry device or the HVAC controller. Connection is provided over various communications links including the Internet, POTS, and GSM networks. A user with an entry device such as a handheld computer or cell phone using wireless access protocol (WAP) can change settings, obtain diagnostic information, and receive alarm messages about a plurality of HVAC devices.

**[0004]** According to an embodiment of the invention, a system for remotely monitoring and controlling at least one HVAC device includes a server with communications access to an entry device and the at least one HVAC device; querying means for querying the at least one HVAC device for status information on a regular basis or when requested by a message from the entry device; and means for sending the status information to the entry device in response to the querying.

**[0005]** According to an embodiment of the invention, a system for remotely monitoring and controlling at least one HVAC device includes a server with communications access to an entry device and the at least one HVAC device; querying means for querying the at least one HVAC device for status information when requested by a message from the entry device; means for sending the status information to the entry device in response to the querying means; means residing in the server for checking for messages from the at least one HVAC de-

vice; means residing in the server for sending an alarm message to the entry device when an alarm message is received from the at least one HVAC device; means for automatically sending alarm messages from the at least one HVAC device through the server to the entry device; a database in the server relating to a status of the at least one HVAC device; means for automatically updating the database on a regular basis in the absence of the message from the entry device; and means for changing settings on the at least one HVAC device from the entry device.

**[0006]** According to an embodiment of the invention, a method for remotely monitoring and controlling at least one HVAC device includes the steps of (a) providing a server with communications access to an entry device and the at least one HVAC device; (b) querying the at least one HVAC device for status information when requested by a message from the entry device; and (c) sending the status information to the entry device in response to the querying means.

**[0007]** According to an embodiment of the invention, a method for remotely monitoring and controlling at least one HVAC device includes the steps of (a) providing a server with communications access to an entry device and the at least one HVAC device; (b) querying the at least one HVAC device for status information on a regular basis or when requested by a message from the entry device; (c) sending the status information to the entry device in response to the querying; (d) checking for messages from the at least one HVAC device; (e) automatically updating a database in the server relating to a status of the at least one HVAC device on a regular basis in the absence of the message from the entry device; and (f) changing settings on the at least one HVAC device from the entry device.

**[0008]** A preferred embodiment of the invention will now be described, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

**[0009]** Fig. 1 shows a block diagram of the hardware used according to an embodiment of the invention.

**[0010]** Figs. 2A-2B show a flow chart of an entry device program according to an embodiment of the invention.

**[0011]** Fig. 3 shows a flow chart of an interface subroutine used in an embodiment of the invention.

**[0012]** Fig. 4 shows a flow chart of an HVAC device program according to an embodiment of the invention.

**[0013]** Fig. 5 shows a flow chart of a server program according to an embodiment of the invention.

**[0014]** Fig. 6 shows an example of a user database structure used in an embodiment of the invention.

**[0015]** Fig. 7 shows an example of a unit database structure used in an embodiment of the invention.

**[0016]** Referring to Fig. 1, an entry device 10 such as a WAP (Wireless Access Protocol) cell phone, a handheld computer, or a PDA (Personal Data Assistant) connects to a server 12 either via the Internet or a GSM/Internet interface. Entry device 10 is any device that al-

lows a user to enter or receive data, whether over wireless or wired communication paths. Server 12 in turn is connected to an HVAC device 14 through the Internet and/or some other communication link such as the GSM Network or POTS (plain old telephone system) network. A user uses entry device 10 to access diagnostic or status information relating to HVAC device 14. Typical users include an individual owner who wishes to change a setpoint, a service technician who wishes to check diagnostic information, or a building supervisor who wishes to control a number of devices.

[0017] Referring to Fig. 2, an example of a program in entry device 10 is shown. The program begins by displaying a menu requesting input for a user name and password in step 210. In step 212, the program checks for entries. If no entries are received, the program cycles back to step 210. If entries are received, the entries are read in step 214 and sent to server 12 in step 216, after which an interface subroutine (Fig. 3) is invoked in step 218. The interface routine looks for messages from the server and returns control to the entry device program when a non-alarm message is received. After program control is passed back from the interface subroutine, the server message is checked in step 220 to see if the message consists of a list of units. The list of units differs depending on the user name, e.g., a homeowner only receives the units in his or her home, while a building supervisor receives the units under his supervision.

[0018] If the message consists of a list of units, the list of units is displayed in step 222. If not, control returns to the beginning of the program. In step 224, the program looks for input to see if one of the units displayed in step 222 is selected. Until a unit is selected, other system processing occurs. Once a unit is selected, a display option menu is displayed in step 225. The menu options are read in step 227. These options are shown in steps 228, 238, 244, and 254. If none of these options are chosen, other system processing occurs in step 258 and program control reverts to step 225.

[0019] When unit information should be displayed in response to the question of step 228, the unit information is requested from server 12 in step 230. Program control then enters the interface subroutine in step 232. After control is passed back from the interface subroutine, the server message is checked in step 234 to see if it is the unit information requested. If so, the unit information, such as the room temperature, set point information, status of operability of certain components of the HVAC device as may be noted in Fig. 7, is displayed in step 236 and program control goes to step 225 after a back button is pressed in step 237.

[0020] When there is a change to the unit information in response to the question of step 238, the changed unit information is read in step 240 and the changed information sent to server 12 in step 242, after which program control goes to step 225 after the back button is pressed in step 237.

[0021] When diagnostic information should be dis-

played in response to the question in step 244, a message is sent to the server in step 246, after which the interface subroutine is invoked in step 248. After control is passed back from the interface subroutine, the server message is checked in step 250 to see if it is the diagnostic information requested. If not, steps 246, 248, and 250 are repeated. If so, the diagnostic information is displayed in step 252 and program control goes to step 225 after the back button is pressed in step 237.

5 [0022] When the user chooses to exit in step 254, an exit message is sent to server 12 in step 256 and the user exits the program in step 260.

[0023] Referring to Fig. 3, the interface subroutine checks for a communication from server 12 in step 310. 15 If no message, the program checks in step 318 to see if the server connection has timed out. If so, the subroutine exits in step 320. If the server connection has not timed out, other processing occurs in step 322, after which the subroutine returns to step 310 to look for communications from server 12.

20 If a message is received from server 12, it is checked in step 312 to see if it is an alarm message. If so, the alarm message is displayed in step 316 after which the subroutine returns to step 310. If the message is not an alarm message, the subroutine passes control back to the primary program in step 314.

[0024] Referring to Fig. 4, an example of a program in HVAC device 14 is shown. In step 410, the program checks to see if a request for unit information has been 30 received from server 12. If so, the unit information is sent to server 12 in step 412, after which the program returns to step 410. If no request for unit information is received, the program checks to see if a request to change the unit information has been received in step 414. If so, the unit information is changed in step 416, after which the program returns to step 410. If not, the program checks in step 418 to see if a request for diagnostic information is received, and if so, the diagnostic information is sent to server 12 in step 420.

40 If not, the program checks for any alarms in step 422. If alarms are present, an alarm message is sent to server 12 in step 424. If no alarms are present, the program returns to step 410.

[0025] Based on the information in the database (Fig. 7), server 12 determines where and how to send an alarm message to a user or other program. The alarm method indicates how the alarm message will be sent, while the alarm data indicates the destination address or phone number where the alarm message is sent. *Multiple addressees are optional.* 45

[0026] Referring to Fig. 5, an example of a server program is shown. In step 510, server 12 checks to see if a message has been received. If not, the program waits at step 510 until a message is received. Once a message is received, it is checked in step 512 to see if it is from a user, and if not, it is checked in step 540 to see if it is an alarm message from a unit. If not, control passes back to step 510. If it is an alarm message, the unit database is updated in step 542, after which the data-

base is queried for alarm transmission methods in step 544. In step 546, the alarm message is transmitted via the alarm transmission methods, after which program control goes back to step 510.

[0027] If the message in step 512 is from a user, the message is checked in step 514 to see if the message contains the user name and password. If not, the program reverts to step 510. If so, the user database is queried in step 516 for the password associated with the user name. If the password and name don't match in step 518, the program reverts to step 510. If there is a match, the database is queried in step 520 for the HVAC units associated with the user name. A valid unit list is sent back in step 522. Then, in step 524, server 12 checks to see if a message has been received to display unit information such as that shown in Fig. 7. If so, the database is queried in step 526 for the unit information, after which the unit information is sent in step 528 and control passes to step 524.

[0028] In step 530, server 12 checks to see if a message has been received to display diagnostic information such as that shown in Fig. 7. If so, the database is queried in step 532 for the diagnostic information, after which the diagnostic information is sent in step 534. Control then passes to step 524.

[0029] In step 537, server 12 checks to see if a message has been received to change unit information such as that shown in Fig. 7. If so, the database is updated in step 537, after which a message is sent to the unit in step 539. Control then passes to step 536.

[0030] In step 536, server 12 checks to see if an exit message has been received, and if so, the program stops. If not, control passes to step 524.

[0031] Referring to Fig. 6, an example of the user database is shown. The user name is stored along with the user password and the information regarding which units are associated with the user name.

[0032] Referring to Fig. 7, an example of the unit database is shown. The items shown in the unit database are not meant to be limiting. The unit name is followed by the phone number, the power status, the mode status, the room temperature, the setpoint, the fan speed, the louver position, the timer status, diagnostic messages, alarm methods (which can include multiple alarm methods per unit), and the alarm data for sending an alarm message by one of the alarm methods. Status information on the HVAC devices which is contained in the unit database is either updated on a regular basis or when requested by a message from the entry device. That is, status information can be sent to the server by the HVAC controller on a regular basis, or the server can request the status information from the HVAC controller on a regular basis, in addition to or in place of the server requesting status information in response to a message from the entry device. The structure of the database is preferably changeable by a system administrator so as to add or delete fields monitored or controlled through the server.

[0033] While the present invention has been described with reference to a particular preferred embodiment and the accompanying drawings, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that the invention is not limited to the preferred embodiment and that various modifications and the like could be made thereto without departing from the scope of the invention as defined in the following claims. The invention may also be applied to refrigeration devices.

5 limited to the preferred embodiment and that various modifications and the like could be made thereto without departing from the scope of the invention as defined in the following claims. The invention may also be applied to refrigeration devices.

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## Claims

1. A system for remotely monitoring and controlling at least one HVAC device (14), comprising:  
a server (12) with communications access to an entry device (10) and said at least one HVAC device (14);  
querying means for querying said at least one HVAC device for status information on a regular basis or when requested by a message from said entry device; and  
means for sending said status information to said entry device in response to said querying.
2. A system according to claim 1, further comprising:  
means residing in said server (12) for checking for messages from said at least one HVAC device (14); and  
means residing in said server for sending an alarm message to said entry device (10) when an alarm message is received from said at least one HVAC device.
3. A system according to claim 2, further comprising means for automatically sending alarm messages from said at least one HVAC device (14) through said server (12) to said entry device (10).
4. A system according to claim 2, further comprising a first database in said server relating to a status of said at least one HVAC device.
5. A system according to claim 4, further comprising a second database which includes at least one password, at least one user name associated with said at least one password, and at least one HVAC device associated with said at least one user name.
6. A system according to claim 4 or 5, further comprising means for automatically updating said first database on a regular basis in the absence of said message from said entry device.
7. A system according to any preceding claim, further comprising means for changing settings on said at

least one HVAC device (14) from said entry device (10). 5

8. A system according to any preceding claim, wherein said entry device (10) is one of a handheld computer, a cell phone, and a personal data assistant. 5

9. A system according to any preceding claim, wherein said communications access includes connections over the Internet. 10

10. A system according to any preceding claim, wherein said communications access includes connections over the GSM network. 15

11. A system for remotely monitoring and controlling at least one HVAC device (14), comprising:  
 a server (12) with communications access to an entry device (10) and said at least one HVAC device; 20  
 querying means for querying said at least one HVAC device for status information when requested by a message from said entry device; 25  
 means for sending said status information to said entry device in response to said querying means;  
 means residing in said server for checking for messages from said at least one HVAC device; 30  
 means residing in said server for sending an alarm message to said entry device when an alarm message is received from said at least one HVAC device;  
 means for automatically sending alarm messages from said at least one HVAC device through said server to said entry device; 35  
 a database in said server relating to a status of said at least one HVAC device;  
 means for automatically updating said database on a regular basis in the absence of said message from said entry device; and 40  
 means for changing settings on said at least one HVAC device from said entry device.

12. A method for remotely monitoring and controlling at least one HVAC device (14), comprising the steps of:  
 providing a server (12) with communications access to an entry device (10) and said at least one HVAC device; 45  
 querying said at least one HVAC device for status information on a regular basis or when requested by a message from said entry device; 50  
 and  
 sending said status information to said entry device in response to said querying. 55

13. A system according to claim 13, further comprising the steps of:  
 checking for messages from said at least one HVAC device (14);  
 transferring said messages from said at least one HVAC device to said server (12); and  
 sending an alarm message from said server to said entry device when an alarm message is received from said at least one HVAC device.

14. A method for remotely monitoring and controlling at least one HVAC device (14), comprising the steps of:  
 providing a server (12) with communications access to an entry device (10) and said at least one HVAC device;  
 querying said at least one HVAC device for status information on a regular basis or when requested by a message from said entry device;  
 sending said status information to said entry device in response to said querying;  
 checking for messages from said at least one HVAC device;  
 automatically updating a database in said server relating to a status of said at least one HVAC device on a regular basis in the absence of said message from said entry device; and  
 changing settings on said at least one HVAC device from said entry device.

15. A method according to claim 15, further comprising the steps of:  
 sending an alarm message to said entry device (10) when an alarm message is received from said at least one HVAC device (14); and  
 automatically sending alarm messages from said at least one HVAC device through said server (12) to said entry device.

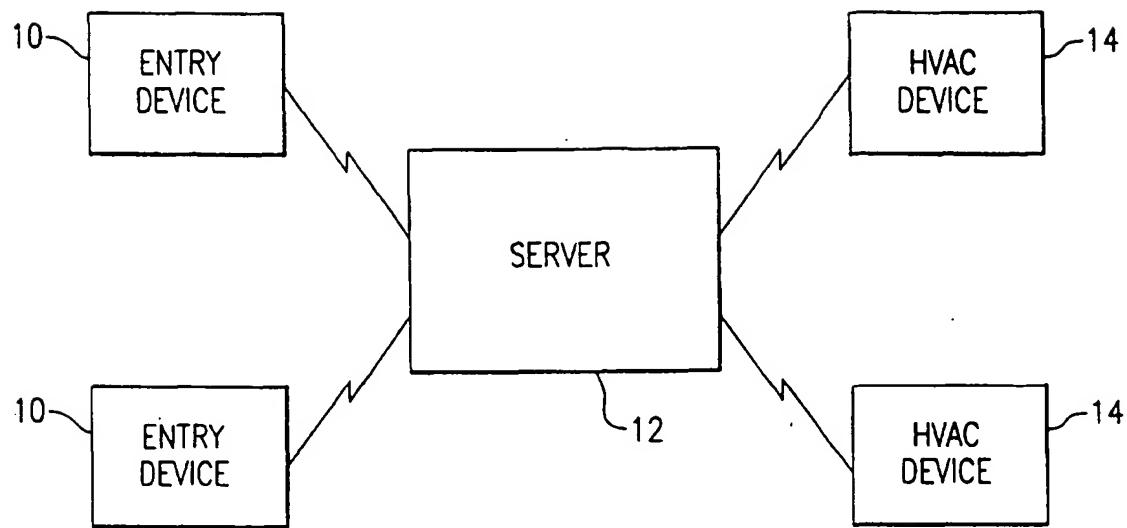
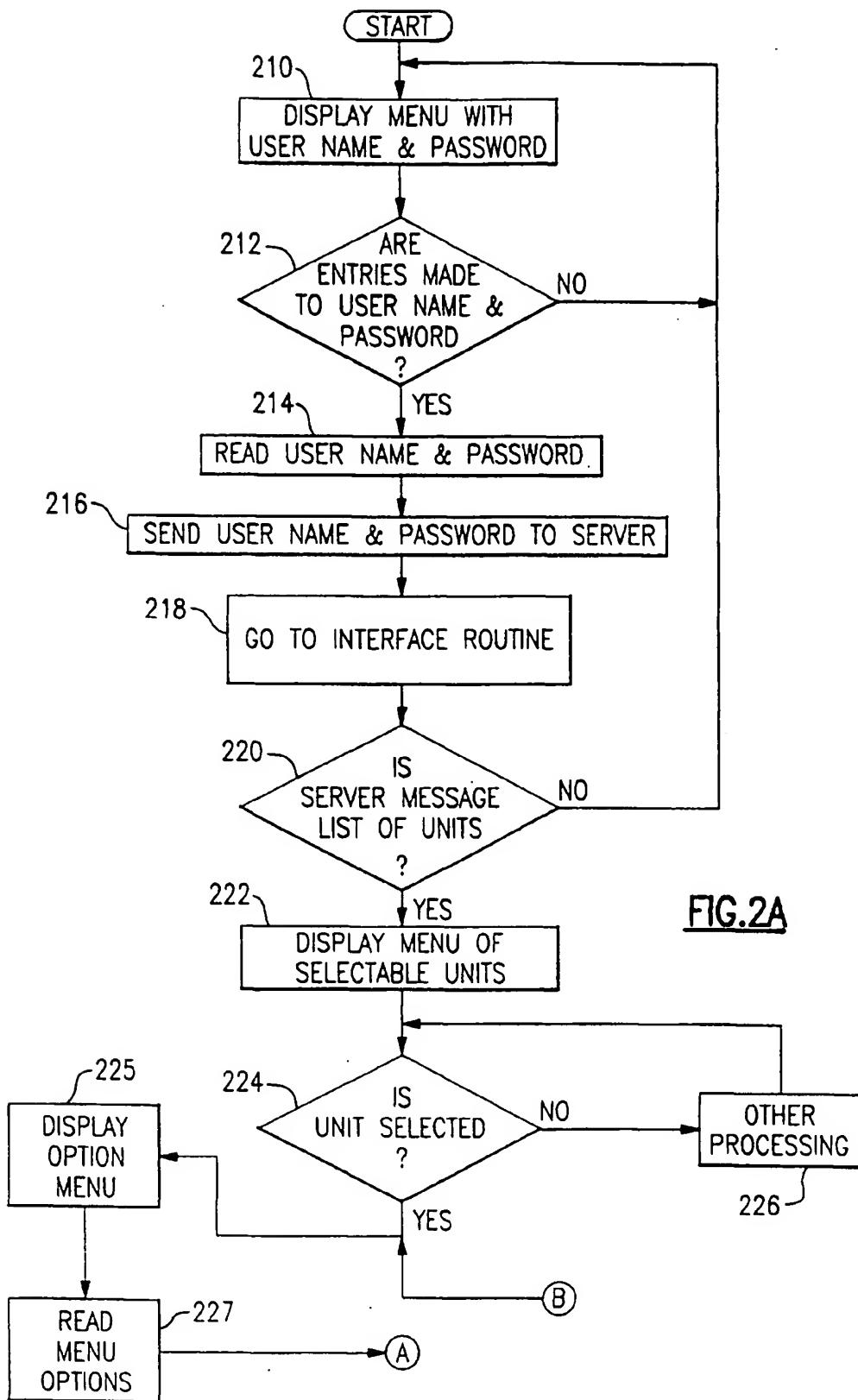
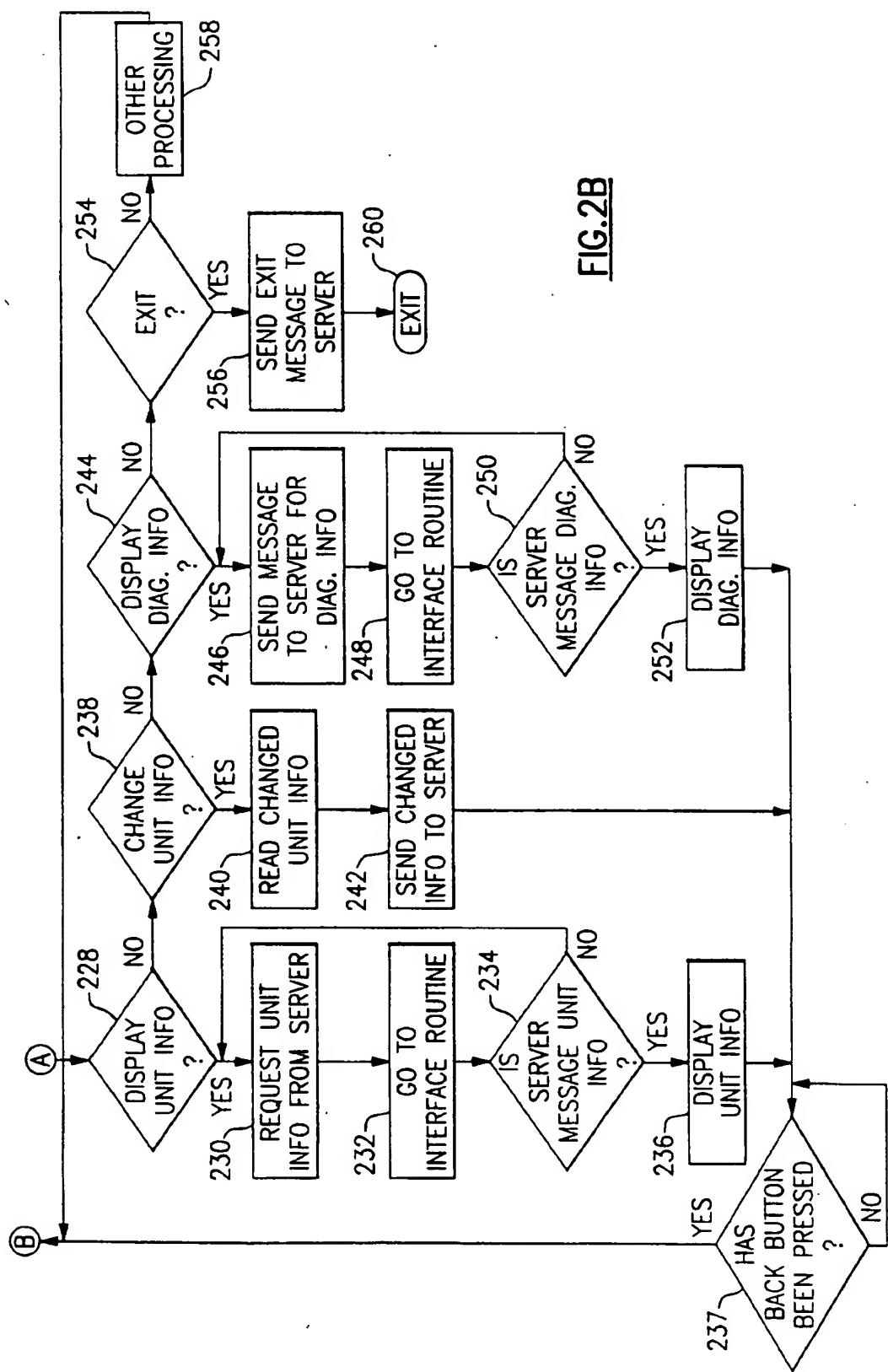


FIG.1





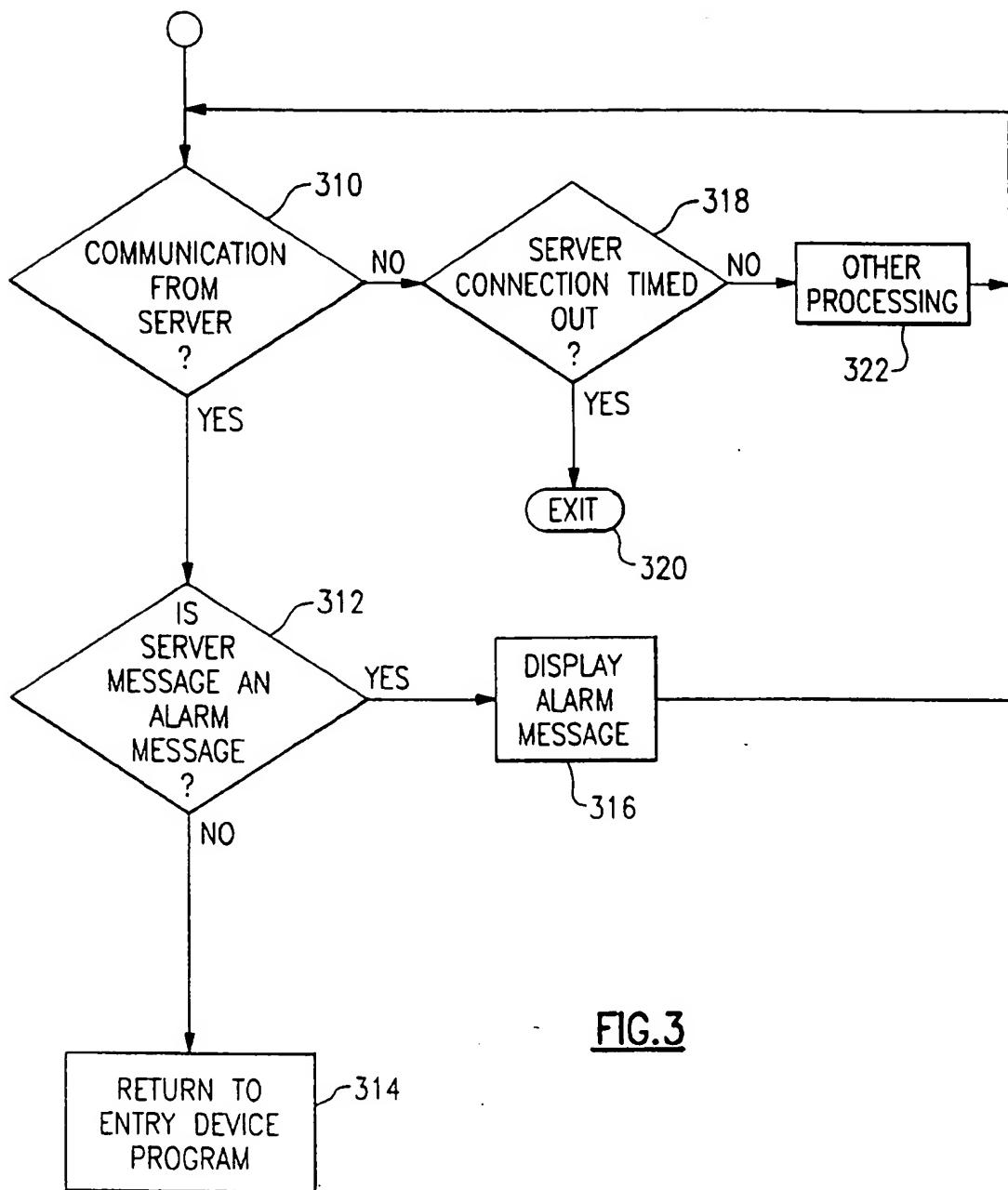


FIG.3

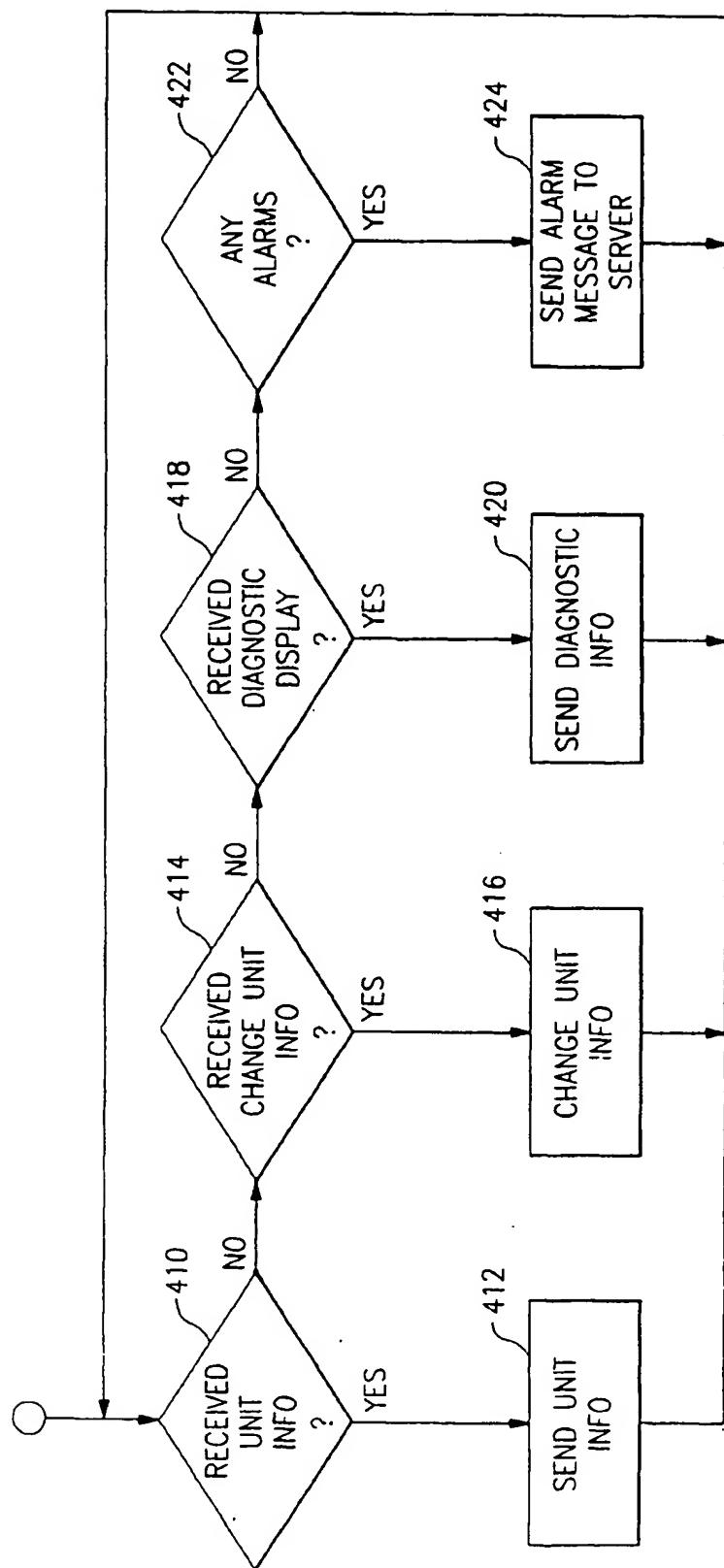


FIG.4

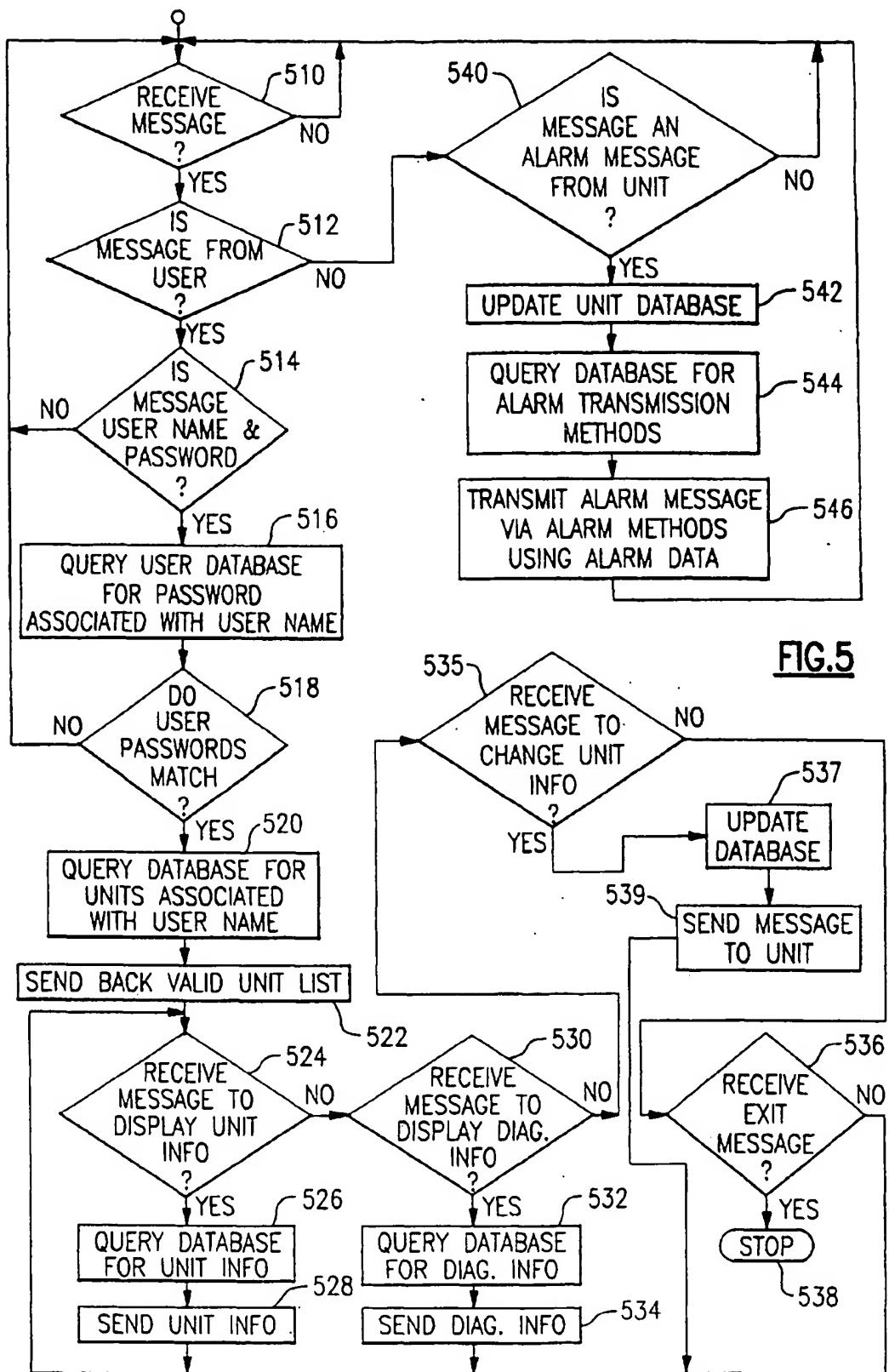


FIG.5

USER DATABASE	
USER NAME	PASSWORD
CARRIER 1	123456
CARRIER 2	654321

FIG.6

UNIT DATABASE	
UNIT NAME	UNIT PHONE #
OFFICE	(315)555-3456
MILAN	0131234123412
FRANCE	3371234512345
LOBBY	(315)555-4567

POWER	MODE	ROOM TEMP	SETPOINT	FAN SPEED	LOUVER	TIMER	DIAGNOSTIC	ALARM METHOD	ALARM DATA 1
ON	HEAT	22	22	LOW	1	OFF	NONE	E-MAIL	XYZ@CARRIER.UTC.COM
OFF	OFF	23	22	OFF	HOME	OFF	NONE	PHONE	(315)555-1234
ON	COOL	24	22	MEDIUM	6	OFF	NONE	E-MAIL	XYZ@CARRIER.UTC.COM
ON	FAIL	25	22	OFF	HOME	OFF	ROOM AIR	SMS	(315)555-2345

FIG.7



## EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 01 30 8148

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.Cl.7)
X	WO 98 53581 A (COACTIVE NETWORKS INC) 26 November 1998 (1998-11-26)	1-4,6,7, 9,11-15	H04Q9/00 G05D23/19
Y	* page 7, line 29 - page 11, line 19 * ---	5,8	H04L12/28
X	WO 00 17984 A (SILICON ENERGY CORP) 30 March 2000 (2000-03-30) * page 7, line 14 - page 11, line 14 * * page 14, line 4 - page 21, line 22 * ---	1-4,6,7, 9,11-15	
X	WO 99 65192 A (ERICSSON TELEFON AB L M ;ERICSSON INC (US)) 16 December 1999 (1999-12-16) * page 8, line 9 - page 16, line 9 * ---	1,7-10, 12	
Y	WO 00 36812 A (LINDQUIST CHARLES CAMERON ;PORTUS PTY LIMITED (AU)) 22 June 2000 (2000-06-22) * page 7, line 4 - page 10, line 21 * * page 14, line 1 - page 15, line 21 * -----	5,8	
			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.7)
			H04Q H04L H04M
<p>The present search report has been drawn up for all claims</p>			
Place of search	Date of completion of the search	Examiner	
THE HAGUE	18 August 2003	Pham, P	
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS		T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document	
X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document			